HOSEBURG - - OREGON

P. H BATARD. J. W. HAMILY WAZARD & HAMILTON. Attorneys & Counselors at Law

Will practice in the various courts in the Sta Office—At Empire City, Oregon,

DR. J. A. CALLENDER. (Late U. S. Army.)

OFFICE-At his residence, First house of Judge Willis'. J. BROWN, M. D., (At Dr. Palmer's Office.)

OFFICE Hours: ery Sasantay from v Af M. to 4.P. TOR BROWN WOULD PERSCRIBE EX clusively for diseases of the throat and lung and especially Nasal Catarrh and Pulmonas For nearly twenty years he has made these di a sea a specialty. Persons afflicted or threatene therewith and desiring treatment or examination with and desiring treatment or examinate dvice may consult him at his office even day during the hours stated above.

DEPOT HOTEL.

Richard Thomas, Prop'r. THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED for a number of years, and has become very ular with the traveling public. First-class. SLEEPING ACCOMMODATIONS. And the table supplied with the best the market affords. Hotel at the depot of the Railroad.

Sugar Pine Mills

Post Office address, Looking Glass, Oregon. The Company owning these mills would say they are prepared to furnish the BEST OF LUMBER.

At the most reasonable rates. Sugar Pine. Fir and Cedar

umber always on hand, and all persons wishing purchase Lumber will do well to give us an of filling their orders before going J. G. CALLIGHAN, President, W. B.CLARKE, Secretary and Treasurer. Metropolitan Hotel, BOSEBURG, - - OREGON.

The Only First-Class Hotel in the City Depot of the C. & O. Stage Co. WELL FURNISHED SLEEPING APART

ments, the best of beds, and the most atten-ive housekeepers, and a table supplied with the lest of everything. STACES FOR REDDING ave the house every day on the arrival of the from Portland.
The straveling public, and all who favor us with sir patronage, can rest assured that they will entertained in the best possible manner.

HEADRICK & PERKINS.

Sheridan Bros., Jackson St., Roseburg, Oregon, Postoffice. -DEALERS IN-STOVES

General

Hardware.

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Wares. Satisfaction to All.

T. C. SMITH & CO., DRUGGISTS

Chemists and Pharmacists Pation's Block, State Street, SALEM, - - OREGON.

Particular attention given to prescriptions, a all orders by mail or express filled promptly and securately.

Physicians and country dealers will save mon by examining our stock, or procuring our prices, before purchasing elsewhere. Oregon and California

STAGE LINE TAROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO

FOUR DAYS.

The Quickest, Safest and Easiest Route.

STACES LEAVE ROSEBURG Every Day of 7-30 P. M., Making quick connection at Reading with For full purticulars and passage apply to PERKINS & HEADRICK.

Fine Liquors and Cigars.

The undersigned has purchased the soloon i erly kept by Mr. Tibbets, Oakland, and with new brands of wines, liquors and eights he is prepared to pitably entertain all who may give him a call:

> Fine Billiard Table DAVID BAKER.

MAMMOTH BLE.

DOUGLAS



"Independent in all Things; Neutral in Nothing."

VOL. 4 ROSEBURG, OREGON, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1879.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Harris called up senate bill to prevent the introduction and spread of contagious or infectious
disease, and moved to ignore the original bill, and
consider the st bject reported from the committee
on the ninth, which embodied what appears to be
the views of the majority of the senate, though not
so satisfactory to the committee as the first bill.
Harris said the committee had tried to frame a
substitute to conform to the wishes of the minority
as shown by objections to the original bill. The
appropriation asked for has been reduced from six
hundred and fif, y incusand dollars to five hundred
housand dollars, on account of the removal of the
wider to the board to investigate the diseases of
lattle.

Call muscotted the hell

catile.

Call supported the bill, saying that his state was vitally interested in this measure and that immediate action was required. His experience was that strict quarantine was a perfect guard against reliow fever. reliow fever.

Logan thought that the purpose contemplated by the bill might be just as well accomplished by an amendment to the law of 1878. Experience teaches us that no bureau created in this government ever finishes its work and expires; but accords more and more power and becomes perma

ment ever finishes its work and expires; but absorbs more and more power and becomes perma nent.

Hoar moved to amend by striking cut the words "any contagious or injectious disease," and substistile the words "choicra, yellow fever, plague, smallpox, and ship fever." He thought there was danger in giving too great discretion to the beard, it might result in vexatious interference with commerce. The amendment was rejected; yeas 20 mays 30.

Hoar moved to amend by striking out all of a o tion one down to line nine, as follows: "That it shill be unlawful for any vessel engaged in the transportation of goods or pensins from any foreign port where any contagious or infectious disease exists, to enter any port of the United Viates except in accordance with provisious of this act, and all rules and regulations of the state boards of bealth or sanitary associations recognized by this act or made in pursuance thereof," and insert the following: "Whenever, in the opinion of the president, there is any danger that cholers or yellow fover may be introduced from abroad into any port or place within the United States, or spread from state to state within the sance; and in his judgment existing quarantine or health regulations at such places are insufficient, he may authorize the board of health to make further rules and regulations in such premises, which being submitted to and approved by him, shall be valid and enforced:" rejected, yeas 17, nay 29.

Windom said that he would not vote for an appropriated, instead of being disbursed under the direction of the secretary of the treasury upon quarterly estimates by the board, accompanied by statements of its appropriations and expenditures under the direction of the secretary of the treasury upon quarterly estimates by the board. He though: it a doubtful policy to appropriations all that is asked for which \$200.00 was recently appropriated on the recommendation of the board. He though: it a doubtful policy to appropriate all that is asked for by the board.

doubtful policy to appropriate all that is asked for by the board.

Conkling asked Harris what had become of the disinfecting ship experiment, and whether Prof. Grange's plan, which was first proposed to be made a part of the bill lately adopted but stricken out, was still under consideration.

Harris said the plans agreed upon by the board had been submitted to the beard of naval engineers and contractors for their advice. He had good information that the board have now rejected, as impracticable, the Gamege plan, which they were heretofore so well satisfied with as to advise the senant to a fopt it unconditionally. Conkling—It makes offenses against state laws punishable in federal courts, such offenses are left also in the jurisdiction of the state courts; so the bill violates the principle that no man shall be twice punished for the same offense. Another opportion is that the fine imposed as a penalty falls.

Perkins & Headrick, Prop'rs.

After further remarks by Conkling, Edmunds ex pressed a wish to examine it more at length and, on motion, the senate adjourned.

on motion, the senate adjourned.

Senate.

WASHINGTON. May 23.

The senate took up the bill making subsidiary coins exchangeable for lawful money of the United States, and to make such coins legal tender in sums up to \$20. The committee's amendment to substitute \$10 for \$20 was discussed.

The bill was supported by Bayard, Booth, Ferry and Kernan, and opposed by Edmunds and Thurman. Thurman.

The morning hour having expired, the bill wen-over without action and the senate took up the

over without action and the senate took up the contagious disease bill.

The amendment of Morgan that the act shall not remain in force over four years was adopted.

Jones of Florida offered an amendment substituting the words "any merchant; hip or vessel" for the words "any vessel engaged in the transportation of goods or persons;" adopted.

On motion of frarts the penalty was reduced from \$5600 to \$1000. from 26000 to \$1000.

Teller's motion to strike out the clause making a fine a lien upon a vessel was rejected.

Edmunds opposed the bill on constitutional grounds. The democrats were inconsistent in now putting violations of state laws within federal jurisdiction. He did not think the supervision of health a government business, but a state business.

health a government business, but a state business.

Lamar declared that the law of 1879 was a precedent for this bill.

Biaine thought the government ought to exercise its power to protect general health

Discussion as to the duty and power of the government in the matter, ensued, between Blaine and Edmunds, after which the bill was reported to the senate, and amendments spreed to, the bill passed by the following vote: 34 to 12.

The senate took up senate bill relative to the transportation of animals without taking action thereon.

The souate went into executive session, and ad The sounte went into executive session, and ad surned till Monday.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the

certificates fill legal tender for an decet, plants and private, unless otherwise provided by contract.

The section directing the president to notify foreign governments that the United States is ready to co-operate in an establishment of common ratio between gold and silver was stricken out.

Mills offered an amendment that nothing in this act shall be construed as sutherizing any coinage of eliver except into standard dollars. This was agreed to almost unanimously.

Atkins from the committee of appropriations, reported back from the senate the amendment to the legislative appropriation bill and stated that he was instructed to move concurrence therein. It was hardly necessary, he said, to give reasons for that instruction. There were some of the amendments in which the committee would not under other circumstance concur, as the increase of salaries of senate officials to from 20 to 100 per cent, more than the salaries of some of the corresponding employees of the house. This increase amounted to over \$45,000.

The senate had made no amendments in the political features of the bill and all amendments were concurred in.

The speaker called the committees for reports of a privote nature.

After the adoption of the last section of the silver bill, warner moved that the bill be ordered to its third reading with a view to taking a final vote upon it to morrow.

Dilatory motions were then interposed and the years and mays ordered upon successive motions to

apon it to morrow.

Dilatory motions were then interposed and the yeas and nays ordered upon successive motions to adjourn, and to adjourn until Monday.

The School of Beauty.

A London medical journal of high authority says that efforts are a making by a number of women of prominence to form a "school of beauty" in England, the members pledging themselves to do everything in their power to render them-selves comely by natural means. Prizes with ease and grace and so furnish evidence of good health and physical unconstrainment. Something of this kind is needed here. Although American folly and ugliness of lacing and going thinly clad in cold weather, there are still many who think and absurdly small waist many who think and absurdly small waist many who the United States auattractive; and any number that so pinch their feet that they cannot walk comfortably or becomingly. They do these ridic-sidered as enemies of the dominion and ulous things generally because they imagine men admire them. If men have done so they do so no longer. They is to the effect that part of the Canadian

Telegraphic News Summary.

Belcher levies an assessment of \$1. The Alaska has been ordered urn from Sitka to San Francisco. The fishing schooner, Ida E. Baker, as been lost with a crew of twelve men. Colin M. Boyd, the new Auditor, of San Francisco qualified and was sworn to-day.

The Bulletin presents statistics showing a large decline in farming operations in New York, Connecticut, New Jersey and Pennsylvania state 1875. While

The strike of longshoreman still

and increase in earnings of about \$400,

used to commute the sentence of Indian

The jury in the case of grand larceny preferred against W. H. M. Smallman and his wife Amelia, by W. F. Cooper, returned a verdict of guilty, in San Fran-

Edwards and Madam La Chapelle began the task of walking 3000 quarter miles in 300 quarters hours. The attendance is

San Louis Obispo, was shot by John Buster this morning on the street in front of the Cosmopolitan Hotel. Bump is not expected to live. A body was found in the bay at the

foot of Madison street, San Francisco. From documents, telegrams, etc., found on his person, it is supposed to be that of Jacob Lehmann, lately from Jackson, Absolan Ford was hanged at Lake Charles, La., on the 23d, for the murder of Dr. Joseph Bank. During the read-

ing of the service he smoked a cigar and was composed. 500 people witnessed the The widow of Daniel V. Stone of Bos ton, Mass., has given \$250,000 to the Young Men's Christian Association towards the erection of a new building.

everal other persons promise liberal The menagerie establishment owned by J. M. French, was distroyed by fire

who has lately been exhibiting symptoms of an unsound mind, returned a virdict of sanity. Dye and his accessory, Ander-son, will be hanged on Thursday next. constrainment. Something of this kind is needed here. Although American women have, to a great extent, seen the Bull's Indians that in event of their com-

is an believe and recover the closer she consistent three closers and second times. Women have heard thousand times, and accept it men. Yet in their blind worship of false her sacrifice themselves to inform and deformity. It is entirely inchemishe to men that so many a will endure pain and incur distrom a mistaken notion of beauty.

The young man who handed this its a situation as paragrapher on a worganh. Salsey, 37 par weak, he the hard pencils and the office to pile up in the treasury an immense hoard of silver. The \$75,000,000 worth on the sub-treasury vanits in New York in less than a month. The mines of the United States, producing nearly as much more every year, would empty their entire product into the hands of the government, and every ounce of silver due to any Kuropean country in its foreign trade, would irrestately for into the same reservoir. On the other hand, we should less an equal amount of gold. The German Government would sell its silver man Government would sell its silver.

tificates in New York for gold and take the latter away, and we should rapidly

The strike of longshoreman still troubles shipowners and shippers in New York.

The trial of J. C. Duncan was again continued for a term in the municipal criminal court.

New York has increased in population 21 per cent. agricultural interests have utterly failed to keep pace with the general progress of the State; and therefore, relatively, farming is retrogressing. Nor is this the worst aspect of the case. The impoverished and debt purthened condi-

mont, 30 per cent.; Maryland, 23 per cent. and Virginia 18½ per cent. The cost of subsistance has advanced in four States An old man was found burned to death in the ruins of his house, fourteen miles from Santa Cruz. Gov. Irwin has reother States show a small cost of sulp istence. Vermont has declined 3 per cent. in the price of board, and Maryland 4 per cent. The general tone of correspondence to the Department of Agriculture is hopeful of a revival of industry, and the surplus of unemployed labor is growing less. Good labor can generally

find employment at fair prices. Many are idle because they will not accept the educed wages offered. For the past three days in obedience o orders from John Taylor, and a dispatch from Geo. Q. Cannon, at Washing-tor, petitions, to President Hayes for a pardon of the convicted polygamist, Geo. Reynolds, have been sent for signatures all over Utah. The case being urgent, they were requested to return the peti-tion to Salt Lake this week to be fore warded at once to Cannon, president. In order to anticipate the Mormons, the ladies of the anti-polygamy society held a meeting and this morning sent the following protest to Washington. To the President of the United States:—A peti-President of the United States: — A pen-tion has been circulated in this city for signatures asking your pardon of George Reynolds, convicted of the crime of polyg-amy. The ladies of the anti-polygamy society of Salt Lake City, respectfully protest against the interposition of exe-cutive elemency in the case for the fol-The menagerie establishment owned by J. M. French, was distroyed by fire this morning at Detroit. The elephant, Sultan, five lions, a zebra, leopard, stag, and many other valuable animals, were burned to death.

An inquest was held on the body of P. K. Roges, the policeman who was shot yesterday under circumstances rendering it doubtful whether death was suicidal or accidental, and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

An explosion occurred in Wheeler's woolen mills, Salem, N. H., and was followed immediately by the bursting out of flames in several places. The mill was entirely destroyed. Loss, \$100,000; insurance, \$40,000. The cause is unknown. insurance. \$40,000. The cause is unknown.

Shelley (white) was hanged to day at Blacksher, Ga., for the murder of his wife. He confessed his guilt and said the man who caused him to kill her was present. About 1500 people witnessed the execution. He was calm and appeared unconcerned.

The confessed his guilt and said the man who caused him to kill her was present. About 1500 people witnessed the execution. He was calm and appeared unconcerned.

The confessed his guilt and said the man who caused him to kill her was present. About 1500 people witnessed the execution. He was calm and appeared unconcerned.

The confessed his guilt and said the man who caused him to kill her was present. About 1500 people witnessed the execution. He was calm and appeared to guilt and sentenced to punishment for his own offense and not for offenses of his brethren. He is unrepentant and still lives with his plural wife. He was want to be corrected, all the dull speak-

The arrest of Buzzell, of Lynn, Mass., last night, for murdering an infant found dead in the woods near Malden, was followed to-day by the arrest of Carrie Roberts of the same place, who confessed to case. During Reynolds, trial every techbeing the mother of the child and that nicality was resorted to avoid conviction. thus showing an unwillingness on the part A Sheriff's jury impannelled to try the question of insanity of Troy Dye, expublic administrator of Sacramento, now under sentence of death for murder, and ity of the law, under which he was tried to final arbitrament: Fourth—The par-don of this criminal will be hailed as the overruling of God's providence in behalf of his elect people, and encouragement, should you grant it, will be derived from

Agriculture in Greece.

[MacMillan's Magazine.] Information from the Indian Territory to the States, profer healty of graceful women, to marked where the state of the Canadian Formation from the Indian Territory in the their that part of the Canadian Formation from the Indian Territory in the Chickassw unition, in the third of grace is about 1,500,000. It is computed that from one-third to one-fourth of this population is engaged in agrainable. We import annually, in round of this population is engaged in agrainable who cramp their waist, wear allow the theorem and violating their persons to interfere with their freedom and antisface. The property of the Indians and violating their persons to interfere with their freedom and antisface. The more nearly and the grace of the Marin of this population is engaged in agrainable. The component of the grace depredating upon the property of the Indians and put a stop to a computation of the staple agricultural products, and in protect the Indians and put a stop to interfere with their freedom and antisface of the Warner and the stop of the Indians and put a stop to interfere with their freedom and antisface in the stop of the Indians and put a stop to interfere with their freedom and antisface in the stop of the Indians and put a stop to interfere with their freedom and antisface in the stop of the Indians and put a stop to the Indians and the stop the Indians and put a stop to the Indians and put a stop to the Indians and put a stop to the Indians and put a The population of the kingdon

Titled American Belics. the latter away, and we should rapidly become a monometallic silver nation, and the disasters that have come upon India, threatening to produce public and private bankruptcy, would be experienced here.

The Bulletin presents statistics showing a large decline in farming operations in New York, Connecticut, New Jersey and Pennsylvania since 1875. While and Pennsylvania since 1875. While and Pennsylvania since 1875 what the cockney landlady in the play calls the "hups and downs." It is a source of much inward wormwood and gall to some of us to behold these fair ones lost to American citizenship and the disasters that have come upon the gay Boulevard des Capucines and note some fair faces in the stylish carriages passing, and recollect that they once were the admiration of a broad and also a very narrow American circle "at home," and when I recall their native names, now lost under foreign titles, I am amazed at what the cockney landlady in the play calls the "hups and downs." It is a source of much inward wormwood and gall to some of us to behold these fair ones lost to American citizenship and

The strike of longshoreman still troubles slipowners and shippers in the control of the strike of longshoreman still troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles and the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strike troubles slipowners and shippers in the strike of longshoreman strikes and strike the strike of longshoreman strikes the strike of longshoreman strikes in the strike of longshoreman strikes the strike of longshoreman strikes in the strike of longshoreman strikes, the strike will be annutated to some of us to behold these slip strikes the strike of longshoreman strikes the strike will be manufactured strikes and the strike strikes and the strike of lates and the strike of lates and the strikes and the strike of lates and the strike of lates and the strike of the strikes and the strike of the strikes and the strikes an

and Commercial sectors, and the staining about \$500.

The five per cent. Savings Bank of Lowell, Mass, has been temporarily enjoined by Bank Commissioners. Withdrawals of deposits and shrinkage on mortgages is the cause.

Freights to the seaboard droppe this morning to 8c per barrell on flour to New York, to to Boston and 16c per hundred on grain to New York.

A sub-committee of the inter-oceanic canal Congress is studying a plan for cone canal Congress is studying a plan for cone cutting instead of a tunnel, increasing the cost \$10,000,000.

James R. Alsup, bookkeeper for Meeker James & Co., has absconded. He is a limited to the stain to the failures of our beaust at the topics of our beaust at long. The foreign countries to which lumber repeated the first and exquisite surroundings are the topics of our talk. I might also save the topics of our talk. I mig defaulter to the amount of \$4000. He is believed to be hiding in the city.

Hon. John Sherman thinks he can be elected Governor of Ohio, but he'd rather be a candidate for President, and the former might interfere with the latter.

It is stated that the forthcoming It is stated that the forthcoming Pacific Mail report will show a reduction in the company's debt of about \$500.000. ford, of California, is added to the list of foreign-titled American belles as I men-tioned in my last letter, it is a source of some laudable and afixious curiosity to

now who comes next? "Why," I say to my "Monumental City" fair compan-ion, "do not some of our American men come over here and marry a Princess or two, just by way of revenge?" "She: Do you see that little maiden with a big Normandy cap, dark blue stockings, bright colored kerchief, and with her bright colored kerchief, and with her in Baylor County, bordering on the violet blue eyes and sweet, artless smile great Llama Estocado of Texas, that even she would not marry other than

the same patriotism? Submarine Telephoning. Mr. Chas. Ward Raymond, C. E., de eribes in Van Nostrand's Eugineerin Magazine the result of some experiments with the telephone in submarine operations at depths not exceeding thirty feet. One telephone (Phelps Duplex) was placed in the diver's helmet, and fastened in such a position that, by simply turning his head, he could place his mouth or ear to the instrument. The lowing reasons: First—The anti-polygamy law of Congress was passed in 1862, and through a defect in its provisions no conviction has been obtained of any person guilty of violating the law until the present instance. This immunity has entired the arrangement was perfectly successful. Conversation was carried on with the utmost facility;

men who want to be set right who were never right, all the crack brain philoso-phers with stories as long as their hair and as gloomy as their finger nails in mourning because bereft of soap, all the boys who come to stay five minutes but talk five hours. Through the editorial and reportorial rooms all the follies and shams of the world are seen day after day, and the temptation is to believe in neither God, man nor woman. It is no should you grant it, will be derived from your action to continue the degrading practice. For these reasons we respectfully ask that application for the pardon of George Reynolds be not granted, and that he be compelled to serve the term of imprisonment to which he is sentenced as a wholesome warning to his brother the sentenced as a wholesome warning to his brother the sentenced as a wholesome warning to his brother the sentenced as a wholesome warning to his brother the sentence of the s

Consumption of Coffee,

America is fast becoming, if she is not already, the greatest coffee-consuming country on the globe. Coffee is not

Lumber Interest, of the Pacific Coast.

be said when the names of the Countess de Damas and her sister, who married an Italian Prince, are alluded to. Both in Baltimore and New York the family pedigree and picus family examples of these fair and fortu ate ones is gratefully known. So, too, that of the Countess depends on the countess of the known. So, too, that of the Countess
Montanban, and now that Miss Hungerford, of California, is added to the list of
foreign-titled American belles as I mensatisfactory.

Perils of the Chase Belknap, Northwest Texas, April 29. —An incident transpired some time ago in the Wichita Mountains, which rise along side the stream of the same name

well illustrates the stealthy character of the Puma, or Mexican lion. The ani-mal is an inhabitant of the lofty mountain ranges of Mexico, and quite often met with in the Chenoti Range which looms up between the Rio Pecos and Rio Grande, this side of El Paso, and in the extreme wilds and howling wildernesse of West Texas. The Puma is occasion ally encountered in the mountain settl ments on the Texas frontier.

A few evenings ago a Texas frontiers man and hunter named Franklin, a dwe ler on the lonesome banks of the head-waters of the Little Wichita, left his ranch for the purpose of bagging some wild turkeys and other game for break-

fast next morning.

The hunter was dressed in the broad douched hat so common in Texas, with to his waist, and his trusty rifle slung over his shoulder. His venture was quite successful, Franklin being a center shot. Following the banks of the Little Wichita, he brought down three fine gobblers with his piece, and, huntsman-like, tied all of them with a leather thong, slung the turkeys over his shoulder, and started for his sylvan home, or rather camp. The shadows of night had already par-tially fallen on the murmuring river, and the sombre gloom of deep solitude fallen on the trees that lined the banks of the Wichita. Franklin was plodding along in the dim shades, unconscious of danger from man or beast, when he a sudden shock, as if a great load had been precipitated on his back. Utterly amazed and stunned, the hunter arose from the stooping position into which he had been thrown, and grappled with his

unknown and mysterious assailant. Hsi first idea was that it was some devil-fish by some curious chance turned loose on grappled with him, but seemed to direct his strength against the freight he car-ried on his back. Franklin could not use his gun or his pistol, but struck at "the varmint" with his fist, and endeavmuch after the manner of the character in the Arabian Nights, on whose back was saddled the Old Man of the Sea. At last the animal, for such Franklin at length perceived it to be, succeeded in followed by the hunter, who now drew his gun as well as knife. He fired one shot at his assailant. But this only en-raged him, and the animal, making a deadly spring, alighted on Franklin, at the same time planting its claws deep into his neck and cheeks. The hunter

into his neck and cheeks. The hunter was also fearfully torn and mangled about the arms, legs and other parts of the body, where the sharp teeth of the brute were rapidly planted.

After this last spring, when the animal had fastened its ugly claws in his face, Franklin plunged his knife into his enemy, who fell dead on the ground. On examining the "varmint" the hunter found it to be a Mexican lion of large size. Such was his own enfeebled condi-

Variety.

Scoop bonnets are worn. Side satchels are de riqueur. Skirts are beautifully short. Are blacksmiths forgers?

Kit Carson's family is destitute. A shirt front is a thing to be studded A new North Carolina baby weighs 28 Dr. Carver can't find an Englishman

complish. The distinction between the two classes is made in reference to the direct means by which each one supports himself, and fills his place in life. Nobody pretends that the "working man" does not think, any more than that the worker by mind cannot saw wood or dig a mine. But the old notion that the lawyer, the clergyman, the doctor, the school teacher, the newspaper man, "did onne genus," do not labor, has been exploded. There is many a spectacled eye and thin, white finger, that tells the secret of solid hard work. Of Nellie Grant's eight bridesmaids all but two are married.

It is the season for finding a dime in ast year's white vest. Terrible forest fires are raging north of Muskegon, Michigan. It can't be pretended that Hanlan's victory is a Tyne's affair.

The Western Union Telegraph Company pays \$3000 per year for pens. Iowa wants to change the name Skunk River to a less redolent one. A Mallorville, N. Y., genius has vented an ant-proof sngar package. Gen. Taylor's "Destruction and Re-A New York belle has ordered no less than four spring bonnets, at \$30 each.

A Sioux City, Ia., boy rides to school on a donkey—his dinner-pail hung on its Mr. James James Gordon Bennett will, it is said, go tiger hunting in India next

"A man break his heart?" sneered the widow Pilkins. "Perhaps he does, as a lobster breaks his claw, and another grows again." The natives of Lord Howe's Island, in

the South Pacific, petitioned for four school masters and some iron pots. The gentle aborigines evidently contempl

tender acquiesces, the chap gets a drink, raises his umbrella and walks out. The little one made a beautiful answer without knowing it. "What! kiss such a homely man as papa?" said the mother in fun. "Oh, but papa is real pretty in his heart," was the reply.

There are some people whose lives are like molasses with a spoonful of vinegar in, and others whose lives are like vine-gar with a spoonful of molasses in it. the palace. Sunday being the only day of entire freedom, he used to walk the streets, and was exceedingly struck with the decorous behavior of the people and their regular attendance at public worship. He observed that certainly the A man spent three weeks in an unsuccessful effort to teach his parrot a verse of Scripture. The same bird, in the succeeding four weeks, learned to swear succeeding four weeks, learned to swear fearfully without a teacher. Parrots and boys are nearly alike in this respect."

Simpkins refused to get his wife a new hat, and soon after his little girl came in and said, "Mamma, won't you buy me a monkey to play with when you go down town?" "No, darling,—wait till you are older, and then marry one as I did," replied the grief-stricken wife, with her

ears b rating out afresh.

The Pope's Paper. The Pope is about to go into the newspaper business. He wants an organ, and none of the existing Catholic journals are to his mind. If he has got something to say, which he thinks the world ought to know, and which differs from anything that has hitherto been told it, no one can that has hitherto been told it, no one can object to the Pope running a newspaper for the purpose of telling it. There is, indeed, a positive advantage in knowing what the first ecclesiastical power considers authoritative. It can be approved, if true; and criticised, if doubtful. Be that as it may, it is certain that the re-port which has been affoat of the issue of an authoritative Vatican newspaper is about to be verified. The genuine Papal Gazette, which is soon to displace, or, at least, to regulate such organs as the Univers, Voce della Verita, Tablet and Germania, will be a gigantic affair. It will be printed in not less than five lanwill be printed in not less than five lan-guages—Italian, French, German, Span-ish and English. The character of the journal is to be immediately official, which is proved by the announcement that in it all the Papal briefs and allocutions will be published at first printing machines are said to have been ordered from Manchester. The difficul-ties involved in the polyglot character of its contents will be surmounted by en-trusting the supervision of its linguistic trusting the supervision of its linguistic composition to a select committe of scholars belonging to the Propaganda. It is expected that about ten thousand copies will be sold in the streets of Rome. The editorship in chief is as yet undecided; the important chair is said to be contended for by two rival candidates. One is the Pope's own brother; the other is M. Constable, hitherto editor of the Monde of Paris. It is well known that Leo XIII. has long been vexed at the provocative tone of the so-called Cathoprovocative tone of the so-called Catho-lic press—the "good press," of which Pius IX. always spoke with such eager laudation. Even while Leo was a sim-ple Cardinal he used to speak of found-ing a new Catholic journal. The two local Clericalist newspapers, the Osserva-tore Romana and the Voce della Verita, which thrived under the late Pope, do not disguise their uncomfortable sensations at the prospect of the appearance of this formidable rival.

Buttering Things.

Whatever we may think of our ancient ruler, King Cotton, there is no question as to the allegiance we owe to Queen Cow. Every one of our agricultural products, with the single exception of Indian corn, is surpassed in value by our dairy yield. The value of the cows, and of the land especially devoted to their support, is reckoned at \$1,300,000,000. The annual production of cheese is estisupport, is reckoned at \$1,300,000,001.

The annual production of cheese is estimated at \$50,000,000 pounds, and that of butter at 1,500,000,000 pounds. Their combined value—estimated at \$350,000,000 pounds. Their combined value—estimated at \$350,000,000 pounds. Their combined value—estimated at \$350,000,000 pounds. Their library, brilliantly lighted, is open till 10 at night. The Astor Library closes long before sundown. corn crop, and is three and a half times greater than the gold and silver yield of the whole country, which makes so much more noise in the world. The production of butter and cheese has increased-thirty-three per cent, with the past year, and since the introduction of the American factory system they have become important objects of export, the foreign sale amounting, during the last teason to \$15,000,000 for butter and \$14,000,000 for cheese. The exports this year have

Fichu collerettes and jabet collere give a dressy effect to a plain toilet.

NEED NO DESC

ARDS: BILL-HEADS

NO. 7.

Brain and Muscle.

rest and variety, as much as the stor loes, is proved to us every day .- Hawk

French Royal Exiles.

When the Court d'Artols resided

to give up a trifling gratification that is incompatible with their ideas of sanctity and decorum." When the family of this Prince left Edinburgh a few of

Neatly and exped

AT PORTLAND

Taking a Tumble

IT WAS THE ICH THAT DE

There is no more valuable class of men in any community, so far as results are concerned, than those who work with muscle—the class generally known as "laboring men." Their ceadjutors—the men who labor with brain—are, however, equally valuable. Outside of what is called "professional life," they depend upon each other. There is an avoidable partnership among them, and they are There was a bit of v

> manity. And a dee lesson it was too.
>
> There were a number of people walked over this bit of ice without ing of its existence, just as there numbers who tread upon fragrant land blossoms or by exquisite seen over finer feelinge, without known all of their existence. They were hing, careless people, bent on the tof this world.

The first of these was an elderly of stocky form. She sat down right heap, and her lips formed in the of the letter O.

There is many a spectacled eye and thin, white finger, that tells the secret of solid hard work.

The brain, like muscular organism, develops and wears out with hard work. They are machines that cannot last forever. The sleepless watch in your pocket grows rickety in time; and the forty-ton lecomotive breaks down at last. The one is gold and the other is iron; but both must work and rest, and, like any other machine, the part which does the most work, wears out first. The sturdy blacksmith's legs and appetite are good, and his mind still bright, when he can no longer wield his hammer. The student's eyes wear out before his hands.

The little fact of the destruction of parts of our being by hard usage, shows, in the failure of particular mental faculties, that "headwork" is hard work. Brain needs rest. It is a noticeable fact that men famous for some old in the power first. Napoleon's greatness lay in his wonderful stragetic and executive ability. The prison of Elba could not hold him. The bare rocks of St. Helena did. He had began to wear out. The literary world has never produced a more versatile and active intellect than that of Walter Soct. He used every part of his brain at once, and used it increasantly. When his mind gave way, it broke all over. He died almost an idio. The most brilliant of American wits and humorists, John G. Saxe, who, until the the sixtieth year of his life, was the delight of every jovial company he entered — who was resistless in his funniness, has sunk into a settled melancholia. He wirtes no more. He sits at home, in the every abjectness of the blues, and refuses even the presence of his dearest friends. His intellect is as good as ever—all but the left part. That is worn out.

That the brain may work, and work the first private of the first produced in the effort to the lost part of the effort to the result of the produced in the effort to the large of the left of the result of the part of the part of the large of th

ong on a dead run. Hi the deceptive surface, as in a heap like a post, anything. He got up the neck, who had language

receiving much kindness from the neighboring gentry, who dally sent them presents of game, fruit, etc. On the restoration of the Bourbons they prepared to join them; but before their departure a general illumination took place after the battle of Leipsic, on which occasion they placed a transparency in their windows bearing this inscription, not too familiar to Frenchmen: "Eternal Gratitude for Generous Hospitality." [New York Times.]

The Public Library of Melbourne, Australia, is justly "the glory of the town."

It was opened in the infaney of the colony, February, 1856, and is chiefly due to the exertion of Governor Latrobe and Sir Redmond Barry, who is now a Judge of the Supreme Court, and was one of the Commissioners to the Philadelphia Exposition. Sir Redmond siezed the moment to ask for a grant from the Legislature when the revenue had increased from £300,000 a year to £3,000,000 within some three years. I is probably the best entirely free public library in the world. All the appointments are as handsome as in a wealthy gentleman's private library, and contrast most agreeably in that respect with the miserable condition of the Astor Library, where, in the alcoves, it is often difficult to procure a chair, and still more so to find one which does not show a prebability of breaking down beneath its burden. The librarians, who are persons of Intelligence, with a knowledge of literature, are specially instructed to render every assistance to the reader in prosecuting the branch of inquiry upon which he is intent, and so thoroughly popular is the library in its character that it is sought by persons of every kind of craft to aid them in their work. The magnificent rooms are divided into alcoves, and in one you may see a classical student cager over his Greek, in another a mechanic looking up some recent improvement in his art. There is recent improvement in his art. There is no asking for books and being only al no asking for books and being only allowed one at a time. Any one may range where he will, and take out any work he may desire at pleasure. The sole condition attached to the use of the library is that those with dirty hands must wash them before handling the books, and a lavatory is at hand. There is no such provision at the Astor. Beneath the library are fine galleries of art, also perfectly free. Melbourne had all this when

[From the But

ticle was no oblitary of the printer's as who had just left him all her money, a that as the article went to the printer was hended, "Beath of an Aged Wittan,"

Those Terrible Type .

staring at six little w axle greese ranged solen his plate. "Where, under the with a puzzled intensti-thunder where did to come from ?"
"Oh, is it wile the come from the come of the com